



NOTE #2 (VOLUMES (DISKS, WASHERS, AND BY SLICING))

[Disks and Washers]

- (1) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = e^x$, $y = x + 1$, and $x = 2$ about the x -axis.



- (2) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = \ln x$, $x = e$, and $y = 0$ about the y -axis.



- (3) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = \frac{1}{x}$, $y = \sqrt{x}$, and $x = 4$ about the line $y = 3$.



- (4) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $x = y^2 + 3$ and $x = 7$ about the line $x = 7$.



- (5) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = x^3$, $y = 4x$, and $x \geq 0$ about the line $x = -3$.



- (6) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = \sqrt{5 - x}$, $x = 1$, and $y = 0$ about the line $y = 7$.



[Slicing]

- (7) Find the volume of the solid whose base is bounded by the curves $y = x^2 - 4$ and the x -axis. Cross-sections perpendicular to the y -axis are rectangles with the height double the length of the base.



- (8) Find the volume of a right-circular cone with height 5 and radius 3 of the top of the cone.



- (9) Find the volume of a solid whose base is bounded by the curves $y = e^x$, $x = 0$, $y = 0$, and $x = 1$, and cross-sections perpendicular to the x -axis are equilateral triangles.



- (10) Find the volume of a solid whose base is bounded by the curves $y = \sqrt{x+5}$, $x = 4$, and $y = 0$, and the cross-sections perpendicular to the y -axis are semicircles.



- (11) Find the volume of a solid whose base is a circle of radius 5 and cross-sections are squares.



- (12) Find the volume of a solid whose base is a triangular region with vertices $(0, 6)$, $(-3, 0)$, and $(3, 0)$ and cross-sections perpendicular to the y -axis are isosceles triangles with height equal to half the base.