



WEEK IN REVIEW SESSION #11 (SECTIONS 7.1-7.9)

1. Transform the given initial value problem into an initial value problem for three first-order equations, and write it in matrix form.

$$u''' + p(t)u'' + q(t)u' + r(t)u = g(t), \quad u(0) = u_0, \quad u'(0) = u_1, \quad u''(0) = u_2$$

2. Given the two vectors

$$\mathbf{x}_1(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^t \text{ and } \mathbf{x}_2(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t},$$

find a differential equation $\mathbf{x}' = A\mathbf{x}$ for which $\mathbf{x}_1(t)$ and $\mathbf{x}_2(t)$ are solutions.

3. Find the general solution of the system and the fundamental matrix. Classify the type of the critical point $(0,0)$, and determine whether it is stable or unstable. Sketch the phase portrait.

(a) $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}$

(b) $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}$

(c) $\mathbf{x}' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 5 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}$

4. Classify the type and stability of the equilibrium point(s) of the system

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha - 1 & \alpha + 1 \\ -2/3 & 1/3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$

for different values of the parameter α .

5. Find the general solution of the nonhomogeneous system.

$$\mathbf{x}' = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{pmatrix} t^{-1} \\ 2t^{-1} + 4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad t > 0$$