



NOTE #8 (OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS, ANTIDERIVATIVES, AREA AND DISTANCE)

Click the boxed answer to watch the video solution. If you want to see the list of video, click this link, [Video List](#).

- (1) The top and bottom margins of a poster are each 9cm and the side margins are each 6cm . The area of printed material on the poster is fixed at 864cm^2 . Find the dimensions of the printed area that minimize the area of the whole poster.

key: $24\text{ cm} \times 36\text{ cm}$



- (2) Find the dimensions of the rectangle of largest area that has its base on the x -axis and its other two vertices above the x -axis and lying on the parabola $y = 6 - x^2$.

key: $2\sqrt{2} \times 4$



(3) Find the point on the line $5x + y = 7$ that is closest to the point $(-2, 1)$.

key: $\left(\frac{14}{13}, \frac{21}{13}\right)$



(4) Find the most general antiderivative of the function.

(a) $f(x) = 6x^5 - 8x^4 - 9x^2$

key: $F(x) = x^6 - \frac{8}{5}x^5 - 3x^3 + C$

(b) $f(x) = (x - 5)^2$

key: $F(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 5x^2 + 25x + C$



(c) $g(t) = \frac{1 + t + t^2}{\sqrt{t}}$

key: $G(t) = 2t^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}t^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}t^{\frac{5}{2}} + C$

(d) $g(x) = 2 \cos x - \frac{3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$

key: $G(x) = 2 \sin x - 3 \arcsin(x) + C$ or $G(x) = 2 \sin x + 3 \arccos(x) + C$



(5) Find f .

(a) $f''(x) = 2x^3 - 12x^2 + 6x$

key: $f(x) = \frac{1}{10}x^5 - x^4 + x^3 + Cx + D$

(b) $f''(x) = 2x + 3e^x$

key: $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + 3e^x + Cx + D$



(c) $f''(x) = 1/x^2$

key: $f(x) = -\ln|x| + Cx + D$

(d) $f'(x) = 5x^4 - 3x^2 + 4, \quad f(-1) = 2$

key: $f(x) = x^5 - x^3 + 4x + 6$



(e) $f''(\theta) = \sin \theta + \cos \theta$, $f(0) = 3$, $f'(0) = 4$

key: $f(\theta) = -\sin \theta - \cos \theta + 5\theta + 4$



(f) $f''(x) = 4 + 6x + 24x^2, \quad f(0) = 3, \quad f(1) = 10$

$$\text{key: } f(x) = 2x^2 + x^3 + 2x^4 + 2x + 3$$



- (6) A stone was dropped off a cliff and hit the ground with a speed of 120 ft/s . What is the height of the cliff?

key: 225 ft



(7) Estimate the area under the graph of $f(x) = 1 + x^2$ from $x = -1$ to $x = 2$ using

(a) Three rectangles and right endpoints.

key: 8

(b) Three rectangles and left endpoints.

key: 5

(c) Three rectangles and midpoints.

key: $\frac{23}{4}$



(8) Use the Definition to find an expression for the area under the graph of f as a limit.

$$f(x) = \frac{6x}{x^2 + 8}, \quad 1 \leq x \leq 3$$

$$\text{key: } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{6(1 + \frac{2}{n}i)}{(1 + \frac{2}{n}i)^2 + 8}$$