

# Math 152 - Final Exam Review

## Sinjini Sengupta

## List of Topics for the Final Exam

## Methods of Integration:

- 1. List of aniti derivatives
- $2. \ u\text{-substitution}$
- 3. Integration by parts
- 4. Trigonometric Integrals
- 5. Trigonometric substitution
- 6. Partial Fraction Decomposition
- 7. Improper Integrals

### Applications of Integration:

- 1. Areas between curves
- 2. Volume of a solid by rotation: method of disks, washers or cylindrical shells
- 3. Volume of a solid by slices
- 4. Work: tanks, springs, ropes

#### Sequences:

- 1. Convergence and divergence
- 2. Increasing or decreasing sequences
- 3. Boundedness of a sequence
- 4. Alternating sequences
- 5. Recursive sequences

#### Series

- 1. The Partial sum  $s_n$  of a series
- 2. The telescoping series
- 3. The Geometric series
- 4. The test for Divergence
- 5. The Integral test and remainder estimate
- 6. The Comparison and Limit Comparison tests
- 7. The Alternating series test and error estimate
- 8. The Ratio test and absolute convergence
- 9. The Taylor and Maclaurin series
- 10. Taylor Polynomials

#### Parametric and Polar curves

- 1. Parametric curves
- 2. Arc Length and Surface area
- 3. Polar coordinates
- 4. Areas in polar coordinates



1. Find the area between the curves  $y = x^3$  and y = x for  $0 \le x \le 2$ .

2. The base of a solid S is given by area enclosed by the curves  $x = y^2$  and  $x \le 1$ . Cross sections perpendicular to the x-axis are squares. Find the volume of the solid S.



3. Find the volume of a solid formed by rotating the region bounded by the curves  $x = 0, y = \ln(x), y = 0, y = 2$  about

(a) the *y*-axis.

(b) the line y = -1.



4. Consider a trough in the shape of a halfcylinder of radius 3 feet and length 8 feet (diameter at the top). It is full of water to a depth of 3 feet. Find an integral that gives the work necessary to pump all of the water to a point 1 foot above the top of the trough.

5. A spring has a natural length of 3 meters. A force of 10 N is required to keep the spring stretched an additional 50 cm. Find the amount of work required to stretch the spring from its natural length to a length of 5m.



6. An 800-lb steel beam hangs from a 50-foot cable which weighs 6 pounds/foot. Find the work done in winding up 20 feet of the cable.

7. Evaluate 
$$\int_0^1 x^2 e^{-2x} dx$$
.



8. Compute the following improper integral or show that it diverges:  $\int_4^\infty \frac{x+7}{x^2-x-6} dx$ 



9. Evaluate 
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2(x) \cos^3(x) dx$$

10. Evaluate 
$$\int_{1}^{e} \frac{\sqrt{\ln(x)}}{x} dx$$



11. Evaluate 
$$\int \frac{x^3}{4x^2 - 9} dx$$



12. Find the limit of the following sequences:

(a) 
$$a_n = \arctan\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$$

(b) 
$$a_n = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n+1}$$

(c) 
$$a_1 = 1, \ a_{n+1} = \sqrt{3 + a_n}$$



13. Find the sum of the series 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + (-4)^n}{6^n}.$$

14. Find  $a_5$  and the sum of the series s if the partial sum of the series is  $s_n = \frac{3n+2}{1-2n}$ 



15. Use the third partial sum to approximate the sum of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}$ . What is the maximum error?

16. Use the third partial sum to approximate the sum of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4}$ . What is the maximum error?



17. Is the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n e^{1/n}}{\sqrt{n}}$  absolutely convergent, partially convergent or divergent?

18. For which of the following series does the Ratio test fail?

(a) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n+5}{3n^3-7}$$
  
(b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2+1}$   
(c)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(-2)^n (n^2+1)}$   
(d)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n}{n!}$ 



19. Find the radius of convergence of the series 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n (x-5)^n}{n!}$$
.

20. Find the radius of convergence of the Taylor series for the function  $f(x) = x \ln(1+x^2)$ , centered about zero.



21. Find the Maclaurin series for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{(1-3x)^2}$ .

22. Find the Taylor series for  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$  about a = 5.



23. Find the arclength of the parametric curve given by  $x = (\sqrt{2}/3)t^{3/2}$ , y = t + 27 from t = 0 to t = 6.

24. Find the surface area of the object obtined by rotating the curve  $y = e^{x/2}$ ,  $0 \le x \le 2$  about the x-axis.



25. Find the area inside one loop of the rose given by  $r = \cos(4\theta)$ .