

1. Find the derivative.

(a)  $f(x) = \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{x + \sqrt{x}}$

(b)  $f(x) = \tan^3(e^{-x} + ex - x^e)$

(c)  $f(x) = \log(x^2 - x)$

(d)  $f(x) = 3^{\sin x}$

(e)  $f(x) = x\sqrt{\ln x}$

(f)  $f(x) = \ln(\ln(3x + 1))$

(g)  $f(x) = \ln \left| \frac{x^2 - 4}{2x + 5} \right|$

(h)  $y = x^{\ln x}$

(i)  $y = (\sin x)^{\cos x}$

(j)  $y = \arctan(2x + 1)$

(k)  $y = \sqrt{x} \arcsin(x^3)$

(l)  $y = (\arccos(4 - 2x))^5$

2. Use logarithmic differentiation to find the following derivatives.

$$(a) f(x) = \left( \frac{x^3 + 3x}{x^2 - 4x + 1} \right)^{5/2}$$

$$(b) y = \frac{(x + 1)^{151}(5 - \sin x)^3}{(3x - 7)^{2024}}$$

$$(c) y = \frac{e^x \sqrt{x^2 + 2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

3. Find  $y''$  for the function  $f(x) = (1 + x^2) \tan x$ .

4. Find  $f^{(58)}(x)$  if  $f(x) = e^{-2x} + \cos(3x)$ .

5. The vector function  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t + e^{4t}, -t \cos(2t) \rangle$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ , represents the position of a particle at time  $t$ . Find the velocity acceleration vectors of the object at  $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

6. Consider the curve  $x = t^2 - 10t - 3$ ,  $y = 5t^2 + t$ .

- (a) Find the equation of the tangent line at the point (8,4).  
(b) At what point(s) is the tangent line to the graph parallel to the line  $7x + 2y = 19$ .

7. At what point(s) does the curve parametrized by  $x = t^2 - 6t + 5$ ,  $y = t^2 + 4t + 3$  have a horizontal or vertical tangent?

8. Find the point(s) on the curve  $x = 1 - 2 \cos t$ ,  $y = 2 + 3 \sin t$  where the tangent is horizontal or vertical.

9. Find the vector and parametric equations for the line tangent to the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 1 - 4t, 2t - 3t^2 \rangle$  at the point  $P(-11, -21)$ .

10. The ball is tossed into the air. Its position at time  $t$  is given by  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 5t, 100t - 16t^2 \rangle$ .
- (a) Find the velocity and the speed of the ball when  $t = 2$ .
  - (b) How high does the ball go?
  - (c) With what speed does the ball hit the ground?
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11. If  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^3, t^2 \rangle$  represents the position of a particle at time  $t$ , find the angle between the velocity and the acceleration vector at time  $t = 1$ .



12. A stone is dropped into a lake, creating a circular ripple that travels outward at a speed of 60 cm/s. Find the rate at which the area within the circle is increasing after 5 sec.

13. If a ball is thrown vertically upward with a velocity of 144 ft/s, then its height after  $t$  seconds is  $s = 144t - 16t^2$ .

- (a) What is the maximum height reached by the ball?
- (b) What is the velocity of the ball when it is 320 ft above the ground on his way up?
- (c) What is the velocity of the ball when it is 320 ft above the ground on his way down?
- (d) When will the ball hit the ground?
- (e) With what velocity does the ball hit the ground?